

澳門科技大學 UNIVERSIDADE DE CIÊNCIA E TECNOLOGIA DE MACAU MACAU UNIVERSITY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY

2020年入學考試大綱

科目:數學正卷

考試時間:兩小時

- 1. <u>基本概念</u>:實數系統;集合和子集的概念;集合的運算:併集、交集和補集。偉恩(Venn)圖。數學歸納法。
- 2. <u>百分數</u>:百分數的意義及其在日常生活中的應用;盈利和虧蝕、折扣、單利息 和複利息、增長及折舊。
- 3. 變分:比、比例;正變、反變、聯變及部分變。
- 4. <u>多項式及有理分式</u>: 多項式的運算, 長除法及綜合除法; 因式分解: 因式定理 及餘式定理, 最高公因式 (H.C.F.) 及最低公倍式 (L.C.M.); 平方差公式, 立方 和 (立方差)公式, 部分分式。
- 5. <u>二次方程及二次函數</u>:一元二次方程的解與判別式的關係,二次公式;根與係數的關係;二次函數的極值 配方法的應用。
- 6. 指數及根式:指數定律;根式的簡化與運算。
- 7. <u>代數不等式</u>:代數不等式和絕對不等式的運算及其解集;解一元一次或二元一次不等式組,包括用幾何方法求解;在線性規劃問題的應用。
- 8. <u>對數函數與指數函數</u>:對數的性質,換底公式,自然指數函數;在增長及衰變過程的應用(包括連續複利息);解指數方程及對數方程。
- 9. 非線性方程:解分式方程及無理方程。
- 10. 排列與組合:基本概念,二項式定理。
- 11. 數列: 等差數列、等比數列及前 // 項和; 等比數列無限項之和。

12. 直線圖形及圓:

- (A) 直線圖形:三角形及凸多邊形內角和;直線及角的性質和定理;相似三角形、 全等三角形;畢氏定理(勾股定理);三角形、正方形、矩形、菱形及平行四 邊形的性質;中位線定理及截距定理。
- (B) 圓:圓、弦及弧的性質;圓心角、圓周角、圓內接四邊形、外接圓;弧長及 扇形面積。
- 13. <u>三角</u>:角度制及弧度制的關係;三角函數與三角恆等式,複角公式及半角公式; 式子

 $a\cos\theta+b\sin\theta$ 與輔助角公式;三角形面積;正弦定律,餘弦定律;反三角函數的定義;含一個未知數的三角方程求解。

14. 解析幾何:

- (A) 直角座標系,兩點的距離,線段的定比分點;直線的斜率及截距,直線方程的不同表達式;兩線平行與垂直。解不多於三個未知數的線性方程組。
- (B) 圓的標準方程、一般方程、圖形和性質;橢圓、雙曲線、拋物線的定義和標準方程、圖形和性質。直線與圓錐曲線的相交。
- 15. <u>函數圖形</u>:一次、二次及三次函數,有理函數、對數及指數函數,正弦、餘弦及 正切函數的描繪;對稱、平移、伸展、收縮及反射等技巧的運用。
- 16. <u>概率和統計</u>:隨機試驗,結果與事件;概率加法規則和乘法規則;集中趨勢的度量:算術平均數,眾數及中位數;離散度的度量:極差,方差及標準差。

2020 - Admission Examination Syllabus

Subject: Mathematics Standard Paper

Examination Duration: 2 hours

- 1. <u>Fundamental Concepts</u>: real number system; concept of sets and subsets; set operations: union, intersection and complement. Venn diagrams. Mathematical induction.
- 2. <u>Percentage</u>: its meaning and applications to daily life problems. Profit and loss, discount, simple and compound interest, growth and depreciation.
- 3. <u>Variations</u>: ratio, proportion; direct, inverse, joint and partial variations.
- 4. <u>Polynomial and Rational Fraction</u>: manipulation of polynomials, long division and synthetic division, factorization of polynomials: the factor theorem and the remainder theorem; highest common factors (H.C.F.) and least common multiple (L.C.M.); formula for the difference of two squares, formulae for the sum of two cubes and the difference of two cubes; partial fractions.
- 5. <u>Quadratic Equations and Quadratic Functions</u>: the relation between the solution of a quadratic equation in one variable and its discriminant, the quadratic formula; relations between roots and coefficients; the extreme value of a quadratic function applying the method of completing the square.
- 6. Indices and Surds: laws of indices; simplification and operations of surds.
- 7. <u>Algebraic Inequalities</u>: manipulation of algebraic inequalities and absolute inequalities, and their solution sets; solving system of linear inequalities in one or two variables, including graphical solutions; applications to linear programming problems.
- 8. <u>Logarithmic and Exponential Functions</u>: properties of logarithms, change of bases of logarithms; natural exponential functions; applications in growth and decay processes (including continuous compounding of interest); solving equations of indices and equations of logarithms.
- 9. Nonlinear equations: solving fractional equations and irrational equations.
- 10. Permutation and Combination: basic concepts, binomial theorem.
- 11. <u>Sequences</u>: arithmetic sequence, geometric sequence, and sum of the first *n* terms; sum of geometric sequence with an infinite number of terms.

12. Rectilinear Figures and Circles:

- (A) Rectilinear Figures: the sum of interior angles of triangles and convex polygons; properties and theorems of lines and angles; similar triangles, congruent triangles; Pythagoras' theorem; properties of squares, rectangles, rhombuses, and parallelograms; mid-point theorem and intercept theorem.
- (B) Circles: properties of circles, arcs and chords; angles of chord, angles of circumference, cyclic quadrilaterals, circumcircles; arc lengths and area of sectors.

13. <u>Trigonometry</u>: relation between degree measure and radian measure; trigonometric functions and trigonometric identities, compound angle formulae and half-angle formulae; the expression $a\cos a\cos\theta + b\sin\theta$ and the auxiliary angle formula; area of a triangle; the Sine Law, the Cosine Law; the definitions of inverse trigonometric functions; solving trigonometric equations in one unknown.

14. Coordinate Geometry:

- (A) Rectangular Cartesian coordinate system, distance between two points; point of division of a line segment in a given ratio; the slope and intercept of a straight line, different forms of equations of a straight line; parallel and perpendicular lines. Solving system of linear equations with at most three variables.
- (B) The standard form of a circle, its general form, its graph and its properties; the definitions and standard forms of ellipse, hyperbola, and parabola, their graphs and their properties. Intersection of lines and conic.
- 15. <u>Graphs of functions</u>: sketching of linear, quadratic, cubic, rational, logarithmic, exponential, sine, cosine, and tangent functions; application of the techniques of symmetry, translation, stretching, shrinking, and reflection.
- 16. <u>Probability and Statistics</u>: random experiment, outcomes and events; addition rule and multiplication rule of probabilities; measures of central tendency: mean, mode, and median; measures of dispersion: range, variance and standard deviation.

<u>常用數學符號表</u> A List of Commonly Used Mathematical Symbols and Notations

符號/記號 Symbol/Notation	說明	Description
\mathbb{R}	實數集	Set of real numbers
\mathbb{R}^+	正實數集	Set of positive real numbers
\mathbb{Z}	整數集	Set of integers
\mathbb{Z}^{+}	正整數集	Set of positive integers
Q	有理數集	Set of rational numbers
$x \in A$	x 屬於 A	x belongs to A
$\{x \in \mathbb{Z}: x \le 3\}$	描述集合的一個方法	A way of describing a set
$A \subseteq B$	A 是 B 的子集	A is a subset of B
$A \subset B$	A 是 B 的真子集	A is a proper subset of B
$A \cup B$	A和B的併集	A union B
$A \cap B$	A和B的交集	A intersection B
A^c	A 的補集	Complement of A
Ø	空集	Empty set
·.·	因為	Because
:.	所以	Therefore
=	恆等	Identically equal
∞	無限大	Infinity
$x \propto y$	x 和 y 成正比	x varies directly with y
a^n	a的n次方	a to the power n
$\sqrt[n]{a}$	a的n次方根	n^{th} root of a
x	x 的絕對值	Absolute value of <i>x</i>
$\log_b a$	以b為底a的對數	Logarithm of a to base b
$\log a$	a 的常用對數	Common logarithm of a
$\ln a$	a的自然對數	Natural logarithm of <i>a</i>
$_{n}P_{r}$	排列記號	Permutation notation
$_{n}C_{r}$	組合記號	Combination notation
n!	n的階乘	n factorial
$\{a_n\}_{n\geq 1}$	數列記號	Sequence notation
\overline{AB}	線段	Line segment
AB	線段長度	Length of a line segment
\widehat{AB}	弧段	Arc
ΔABC	三角形	Triangle
∠ABC	角度	Angle
$\sin \theta$	θ 的正弦	Sine of θ
$\cos \theta$	θ 的餘弦	Cosine of θ
$\tan \theta$	θ 的正切	Tangent of θ
$\sin^{-1}x$	x 的反正弦	Arc sine of x
$\cos^{-1}x$	x 的反餘弦	Arc cosine of x
$\tan^{-1}x$	x 的反正切	Arc tangent of x
$L_1 // L_2$	兩條平行線	Two parallel lines
$L_1 \perp L_2$	兩條垂直線	Two perpendicular lines
f(x)	函數或函數值	Function or function value
P(E)	事件 E 的概率	Probability of event E
1 (E)		1 100aumity 01 event E